

1948-1954	Reformation - Huss - Conciliar (Synods) Erasmus - Eucharist - Calvinist-Arminian debate - Anabaptists - Witten (Resistance Theology) - Separation of church and state - Nicodemus - Homilies of continental Europe - Petrus and Jerome principles - Luther - Theology and ethics Lutheranism - Luther 95 Theses - One of Rome - Theology - Bible - Martin Luther - Book of Concord - Obedience - Scholasticism - Sacrament - Art
1540-1560	Catholicism - Council of Trent - Inquisition - Protestantism - Synodal - Synod - V.L.P. - Luther's Last and Greater - God - Three Ages of Glory - Waldensians - Scholasticism - Mysticalism
1560-1700	Anglicanism - Thomas - Henry VIII - Cranmer - Elizabethan - 39 Articles - Puritan - One Year - Church music - Book of Common Prayer - King James Version Anabaptism - Theology - Radical Reformation - Obedience - Swiss Brethren - Mordant - Martyr - Synod - Mennonites - Dutch - Hutterite - Anabaptist
1560-1700	Revivalism - Missionary - Baptism (Dispensation of church and state) - Ecce of Lutherans - Congregationalism - First Great Awakening - Methodism - Mission - Pietism Presence of faith experimentally opened - New and Old Testament
1700-1800	Camp meeting - Holiness movement - Second Great Awakening - Pietism - John's Witness - Mennonites - Seventh Day Adventist - Adventist - Christ Movement - Landmarkism - Friends Meeting - Christian eschatology - Third Great Awakening - Social Reform - Spirit music - Fundamentalist-Biblical centers - Pietism - Eschatism - Five Ages - Jesus movement - Pentecostalism - Charismatic - Liberation Theology - Reformist eschatology - Fourth Great Awakening - Evangelical and Mainline

